## SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING PRACTICES RUBRIC

NOTE: Do not score students on the shaded (grey) dimensions of this rubric. The shaded dimensions are not assessed by the Designing Energy Efficient Vehicles task.

SCORING DOMAIN	EMERGING	DEVELOPING	PROFICIENT	Advanced
ASKING QUESTIONS AND DEFINING PROBLEMS	• Asks general questions that can be investigated.	• Asks specific questions that can be investigated.	• Asks questions that require sufficient and appropriate empirical evidence to answer.	• Asks questions that require sufficient and appropriate empirical evidence to answer and evaluates the testability of the questions.
	• Defines a problem (design) statement that is impractical or inadequate for the intent of the problem.	• Defines a problem (design) statement that is minimally aligned to the intent of the problem.	• Defines a problem (design) statement that is adequately aligned to the intent of the problem.	• Defines a problem (design) statement that is completely aligned to the intent of the problem.
DEVELOPING AND USING MODELS	<ul> <li>Model (labelled drawings, diagrams, etc) relevant to the investigation include major conceptual or factual errors, or are missing.</li> <li>Discussion on limitations or precision of model as a representation of the system or process is flawed or missing.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Constructs model (labelled drawings, diagrams, etc.) to represent the process or system to be investigated that include minor errors.</li> <li>Makes note of limitations or precision of model as a representation of the system or process.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Constructs accurate model (labelled drawings, diagrams, etc.) to represent the process or system to be investigated.</li> <li>Explains limitations and precision of model as a representation of the system or process.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Constructs accurate model (labelled, and precise drawings, diagrams, etc.) to represent the process or system to be investigated and provides an explanation of the representation.</li> <li>Explains limitations and precision of model as a representation of the system or process and discusses how the model might be improved.</li> </ul>
PLANNING THE INVESTIGATION OR DESIGN	• Proposes an investigation that will not produce relevant data to be used as evidence to answer the empirical question(s).	• Proposes an investigation that will minimally produce relevant data to be used as evidence to answer the empirical question(s).	• Proposes an investigation identifying dependent and independent variables that will adequately produce relevant data to be used as evidence to answer the empirical question(s).	• Proposes an investigation identifying dependent and independent variables that will completely produce relevant data to be used as evidence to answer the empirical question(s).
	• Proposes a design plan that does not address the criteria, constraints, and intent of the problem.	• Proposes a design plan and description that minimally addresses the criteria, constraints, and intent of the problem.	• Proposes a design plan and explanation that adequately addresses the criteria, constraints, and intent of the problem.	• Proposes a design plan and detailed explanation that completely addresses the criteria, constraints, and intent of the problem.
CONDUCTING INVESTIGATION OR TESTING DESIGN	• Provides procedures that are not replicable.	• Provides replicable procedures with descriptions of measurements, tools or instruments, but conducts insufficient number of trials.	• Provides replicable procedures with descriptions of measurements, tools or instruments, and conducts adequate number of trials.	• Provides replicable procedures with descriptions of measurements, tools or instruments, and conducts adequate number of trials with a rationale for data collection.



SCORING DOMAIN	EMERGING	DEVELOPING	PROFICIENT	ADVANCED
ANALYZING AND INTERPRETING DATA Accurately labeled includes title, column titles, description of units, proper intervals	<ul> <li>Constructs spreadsheets, data tables, charts, or graphs that are not accurately labelled or do not display all the data.</li> <li>Analyzes data using inappropriate methods or with major errors or omissions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Constructs accurately labelled spreadsheets, data tables, charts, or graphs to accurately summarize and display data; but does not allow for examining the relationships between variables.</li> <li>Accurately analyzes data using appropriate methods with minor omissions and/or mentions limitations of data analysis.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Constructs accurately labelled spreadsheets, data tables, charts, or graphs to accurately summarize and display data to examine relationships between variables.</li> <li>Accurately analyzes data using appropriate and systematic methods to identify patterns OR explain limitations of the data analysis (measurement error).</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Constructs accurately labeled spreadsheets, data tables, charts, and/or graphs and uses more than one of these methods to accurately summarize and display data to examine relationships between variables.</li> <li>Accurately analyzes data using appropriate and systematic methods to identify patterns AND explain limitations of the data analysis (measurement error).</li> </ul>
CONSTRUCTING EXPLANATIONS	• Uses inaccurate or inappropriate scientific ideas, principles, and/or evidence (experimental data) to construct, evaluate, or revise an explanation.	• Uses accurate but minimal scientific ideas, principles, and/or evidence (experimental data) to construct, evaluate, or revise an explanation.	• Uses accurate and adequate scientific ideas, principles, and/or evidence (experimental data) to construct, evaluate, or revise an explanation.	• Uses accurate and complete scientific ideas, principles, and/or evidence (experimental data) to construct, evaluate, or revise an explanation.
AND DESIGNING SOLUTIONS	• Uses no data to evaluate how well the design addresses the problem and the redesign of the original model or prototype is inappropriate or incomplete.	• Uses minimal data to evaluate how well the design addresses the problem and outlines an appropriate redesign of the original model or prototype.	• Uses adequate data to evaluate how well the design addresses the problem and explains an appropriate redesign of the original model or prototype.	• Uses complete data to evaluate how well the design addresses the problem and provides a detailed rationale for the appropriate redesign of the original model or prototype.
ENGAGING IN ARGUMENTS FROM EVIDENCE	• Constructs argument(s) with an inappropriate claim OR both evidence and reasoning are inadequate or unclear.	<ul> <li>Constructs and/or evaluates argument(s) consisting of minimal claims, limited sources of evidence, OR minimal reasoning.</li> </ul>	• Constructs and evaluates argument(s) consisting of appropriate claims, multiple sources of evidence, and adequate reasoning.	• Constructs and evaluates argument(s) consisting of appropriate claims, multiple sources of evidence, and detailed reasoning.
COMMUNICAT- ING FINDINGS	• Findings are inaccurate and/or inconsistent with the evidence.	• Accurately communicates clear but minimal findings consistent with the evidence and mentions the implications OR limitations of the investigation or design.	• Accurately communicates clear and adequate findings consistent with the evidence and explains the implications and/or limitations of the investigation or design.	• Accurately communicates clear and complete findings consistent with the evidence and provides a rationale for the implications and limitations of the investigation or design.

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